

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(D) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934  
for the fiscal year ended **December 31, 2015**

Transition Report Under Section 13 or 15(D) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934  
for the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: **333-169531**

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**27-2529852**

(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

**555 Woodside Avenue  
Bellport, New York 11713**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**11713**

(Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: **(877) 643-3200**

**n/a**

Former address if changed since last report

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: **None**

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

**Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-Accelerated Filer  Smaller Reporting Company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year: \$153

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter (for purposes of this determination, only our Directors and Executive Officers have been deemed affiliates): \$325,220

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: 57,301,000 shares of common stock as of April 14, 2016.

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## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (“Annual Report”), the other reports, statements, and information that we have previously filed or that we may subsequently file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and public announcements that we have previously made or may subsequently make include, may include, incorporate by reference or may incorporate by reference certain statements that may be deemed to be forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The forward-looking statements included or incorporated by reference in this Annual Report and those reports, statements, information and announcements address activities, events or developments that Empire Global Gaming, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as “we,” “us,” “our” or “Company”) expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future. Any statements in this document about expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance are not historical facts and are forward-looking statements. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as “may,” “should,” “could,” “predict,” “potential,” “believe,” “will likely result,” “expect,” “will continue,” “anticipate,” “seek,” “estimate,” “intend,” “plan,” “projection,” “would” and “outlook,” and similar expressions. Accordingly, these statements involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in them. Any forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the factors discussed throughout this document. All forward-looking statements concerning economic conditions, rates of growth, rates of income or values as may be included in this document are based on information available to us on the dates noted, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made and we do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which will arise. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

## PART I

### ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

#### *Overview*

Empire Global Gaming, Inc. (the “Company,” “We” or “Our”) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on May 11, 2010 to participate in the worldwide gaming market. We offer custom game manufacturing, gaming solutions, supplies and custom game marketing. We provide consulting and advisory services to the gaming industry. We hold exclusive licenses for proprietary Class II and Class III grade Table Games for use in the home and casinos, as well as the rights to several other innovative board, dice, card and electronic games for use in the home and casinos.

### **Lottopick3**

We have developed a website ([www.lottopick3.com](http://www.lottopick3.com)) which provides analytical data to consumers on several different lottery type games. This service is the source of major revenue for the Company. This program is not a gambling/consulting program. It is strictly an analysis program. We do not offer any advice one way or the other. It offers an in depth breakdown of all the previous numbers that have been drawn in all states that have the pick 3 games. The software breaks things down into all the possible categories and shows any types of trends that may occur. The program also comes with printable charts that show exactly which numbers fall under every category.

### **Casino Grade Games**

We hold licenses for eight patented Class II and III Casino Grade Mechanical & Electronic Games. The games include (i) proprietary 20 sided dice game, (ii) combination game of poker and blackjack, side bet blackjack, and (iii) five patents covering roulette. We also created a new proprietary variation on the standard deck of playing cards (patent pending). We anticipate that these cards will be used in retail and casino sales.

### **Roulette**

The Company has the exclusive rights through an exclusive license agreement to four U.S. Patents related to "roulette" that cover fourteen different roulette games via an Exclusive License Agreement granted by our President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Mr. Nicholas Sorge Sr.), to market, sell, distribute and sublicense these patented roulette games. We expect to license these games for royalties to casinos throughout the world after obtaining approval from the appropriate regulatory agency in each state or country, as is applicable. We will also offer the casinos to purchase equipment with the new roulette game attributes and the table felt with the new number configurations from their own sources. We do not intend, at this time, to manufacture any equipment or products.

We intend to make application with the various prominent gaming control boards in the United States to obtain approval of the Company's licensed roulette games. We had our Roulette games examined by a well respected and well known research firm in the gaming industry to verify certain aspects of our game. Our New Balanced American and European Roulette Wheels and Layout with Digit-Bets was shown to beat the Standard American and European Roulette Wheels and Layout games in keeping the Fairness and Integrity of both Roulette games in all scenarios. We have retained well known attorneys in the gaming space to advise us on the best methods of proceeding further with our proprietary Roulette.

### **Other Products**

We are working on developing some of our patented games into video and slot machine terminals as well as computer and mobile devices.

The Company has taken certain steps to become fully "e-commerce" operational while awaiting Gaming Board approvals. We operate a website where we sell certain equipment and proprietary games. Our website is located at: [www.empireglobalgaminginc.com](http://www.empireglobalgaminginc.com).

### **Industry Overview**

The domestic and global gaming markets have grown rapidly and consistently over most of the last decade despite some slowdown in the past three years due to the macroeconomic recession. This growth has generally brought increased social and political acceptance of legalized gaming throughout many diverse societies. The conventional wisdom that the gaming industry is recession-proof has been challenged over the last three years. However, recent economic pressures have prompted new efforts to legalize casino gaming and to liberalize gaming laws to fill fiscal gaps. Furthermore, in the current environment, operators are pressured to extract the most out of existing operations by enhancing the competitiveness of their floor at minimal investment rather than deploying cash into new or expanded equipment or facilities. While historical U.S. trends suggest a resilient recovery will eventually be at hand, through our proprietary products we expect to offer the casino operator products that will enhance the gaming machine's productivity while simultaneously enhancing the customer's playing experience.

## **Competition**

The gaming business is highly competitive. The principal areas of competition are pricing, packaging, development of new products, and marketing campaigns. Our products compete with a wide range of games produced by a relatively large number of manufacturers, most of which have substantially greater financial, marketing, and distribution resources than we do.

## **Government Regulation**

We are subject to regulation by governmental authorities in most jurisdictions in which we operate. Gaming regulatory requirements vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, and obtaining licenses and findings of suitability for our officers, directors, and principal stockholders, registrations, and other required approvals with respect to us, our personnel, and our products are time consuming and expensive. Generally, gaming regulatory authorities have broad discretionary powers and may deny applications for or revoke approvals on any basis they deem reasonable. We have not yet obtained approvals that enable us to conduct our (gaming) business in any jurisdictions. In the event a gaming jurisdiction determines that an officer, director, key employee, stockholder, or other personnel of our company is unsuitable to act in such a capacity, we will be required to terminate our relationship with such person or lose our rights and privileges in that jurisdiction. This may have a materially adverse effect on us. We may be unable to obtain all the necessary licenses and approvals or ensure that our officers, directors, key employees, affiliates, and certain other stockholders will satisfy the suitability requirements in each jurisdiction in which our products are sold or used. The failure to obtain such licenses and approvals in one jurisdiction may affect our licensure and approvals in other jurisdictions. In addition, a significant delay in obtaining such licenses and approvals could have a material adverse effect on our business prospects.

## **Board of Directors**

Nicholas Sorge, Sr. is the President and Director and Dolores Marsh is the Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Director. We have not employed additional people either on a full time or part time basis.

## **Corporate Information**

Our principal executive offices are located at 555 Woodside Ave, Bellport, New York 11713. Our telephone number is 877-643-3200.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

### **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.**

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

### **Item 2. Description of Property.**

The Company has office space at 555 Woodside Avenue, Bellport, New York 11713 which is provided at no cost to the Company by our President, Nicholas Sorge, Sr.

### **Item 3. Legal Proceedings.**

To the best knowledge of our officers and directors, the Company is not a party to any legal proceeding or litigation.

### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.**

Not applicable.

## **PART II**

### **Item 5. Market for Registrant’s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

In October 2012 we were cleared by FINRA for an unpriced quotation on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol “EPGG.” There is no established public trading market for our common stock. Our issued and outstanding common stock is held by approximately 57 holders of record.

We have not paid any cash dividends in the past. We anticipate that any earnings will be retained for development of our business and we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any future dividends declared would be at the discretion of our board of directors and would depend on our financial condition, results of operations, contractual obligations, the terms of our financing agreements at the time a dividend is considered, and other relevant factors.

**Item 6. Selected Financial Data.**

As a “smaller reporting company, the Company is not required to provide this information.

**Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation**

*The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in this report. This discussion contains, in addition to historical information, forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below as well as those discussed elsewhere in this report. We disclaim any obligation to update information contained in any forward-looking statement.*

**General**

We presently sell our ancillary gaming products in the United States but contemplate selling and leasing our products worldwide, in the future. Although the Company has obtained the license for the manufacturing, sale, marketing and licensing of the four roulette patents, the Company has not developed or manufactured any products for license, lease or sale to casinos as of yet. Although the Company is licensed to manufacturer patented roulette wheels and tables, it has no intention of doing so now or in the foreseeable future. The licensed games will not be available for sale on our website until approved by the applicable Gaming Control Board.

The Company has not, as of yet, arranged for any lines of credit, and we have no commitments, written or oral, from officers, directors or shareholders to provide the Company with advances, loans or other funding for our operations.

**Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, based on historical experience, and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other standard setting bodies that may have an impact on the Company's accounting and reporting. The Company believes that such recently issued accounting pronouncements and other authoritative guidance for which the effective date is in the future will not have an impact on its accounting or reporting or that such impact will not be material to its financial position, results of operations and cash flows when implemented.

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern* (Subtopic 205-40), (ASU No. 2014-15), which requires management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles that are currently in U.S. auditing standards. Specifically, ASU 2014-15 provides a definition of the term substantial doubt and requires an assessment for a period of one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). It also requires certain disclosures when substantial doubt is alleviated as a result of consideration of management's plans and requires an express statement and other disclosures when substantial doubt is not alleviated. ASU No. 2014-15 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, and early adoption is permitted.

## Results of Operations

### Year ended December 31, 2015 Compared to the year ended December 31, 2014

For the year ended December 31, 2015, we had fee income of \$153, as compared to \$451 in fee income for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold was \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. There is no cost of goods sold related to the fee income.

### General and Administrative Expenses

During the year ended December 31, 2015, general and administrative expenses were \$28,618, consisting primarily of professional fees, as compared to \$86,697 for year ended December 31, 2014. The decrease of \$58,079 was primarily due to a reduction in consulting fees of \$50,000.

### Net Loss

Our Net Loss was \$31,666 for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to a loss of \$107,341 for the year ended December 31, 2014. The decrease is primarily due to the reasons referred to above and inventory write down of \$19,067 in the year ended December 31, 2014.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2015, we had a stockholders' deficit of \$113,831 and negative working capital of \$24,011 compared to stockholders' deficit of \$82,165 and negative working capital of \$19,045 at December 31, 2014. Cash was \$879 as of December 31, 2015, as compared to \$2,520 at December 31, 2014. This decrease in our working capital was primarily attributable to the reduction of cash of \$1,641 and the increase in accrued interest due to shareholders of \$3,201. The net loss for the year ended 2015 was primarily due to limited sales and professional fees of \$23,474 and interest expense of \$3,201.

In order to continue as a going concern; the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plan is to obtain such resources for the Company by obtaining capital from management and significant shareholders sufficient to meet its minimal operating expenses and seeking equity and/or debt financing. However, management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans.

Net cash used in operations during 2015 was \$27,541 compared with \$27,288 used in operations during 2014. Cash used in operations during 2015 was primarily due to the net loss in the period.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$25,900 in 2015 and \$25,500 in 2014, which was the result of proceeds from stockholder loans.



**Commitment and Contingencies**

None.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

None.

**Going Concern**

Our auditors have issued a going concern opinion regarding our financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. To date, the Company generated minimal revenues, has experienced recurring net operating losses and had an accumulated deficit of \$835,231 as of December 31, 2015 and had negative working capital of \$24,011 at December 31, 2015. Because of these factors, among others, our auditors have issued a going concern opinion on our audited financial statements that raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty. We will need to raise funds or implement our business plan to continue operations.

In order to continue as a going concern, the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plan is to obtain such resources for the Company by obtaining capital from management and significant shareholders sufficient to meet its minimal operating expenses and seeking equity and/or debt financing. However management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to successfully accomplish the plans described in the preceding paragraph and eventually secure other sources of financing and attain profitable operations. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

**Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.**

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

**Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.**

Financial statements and supplementary data required by this Item 8 follow.



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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and  
Stockholders of Empire Global Gaming, Inc.  
Bellport, New York

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended. The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements, to date, the Company generated minimal revenues, has experienced recurring operating losses and had an accumulated deficit of \$835,231 as of December 31, 2015 and had negative working capital of \$24,011 at December 31, 2015. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are described in Note 2. These financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from this uncertainty.

A handwritten signature in dark ink that reads 'Paritz &amp; Company, P.A.' in a cursive style.

Hackensack, New Jersey  
April 14, 2015

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.  
BALANCE SHEETS**

	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>December 31, 2014</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash	\$ 879	\$ 2,520
Total current assets	<u>879</u>	<u>2,520</u>
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,200 and \$2,400, respectively	<u>800</u>	<u>1,600</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 1,679</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,120</u></u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 19,288	\$ 19,164
Accrued interest - stockholders	<u>5,602</u>	<u>2,401</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>24,890</u>	<u>21,565</u>
<b>LONG TERM LIABILITIES:</b>		
Notes Payable - Stockholders	<u>90,620</u>	<u>64,720</u>
Total liabilities	<u>115,510</u>	<u>86,285</u>
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:</b>		
Common stock: \$0.001 par value; 980,000,000 authorized, 57,301,000 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.	57,301	57,301
Additional paid-in capital	664,099	664,099
Accumulated deficit	<u>(835,231)</u>	<u>(803,565)</u>
Total stockholders' deficit	<u>(113,831)</u>	<u>(82,165)</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>	<u><u>\$ 1,679</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,120</u></u>

See accompanying notes to Financial Statements.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.  
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	<u>For the year ended December 31, 2015</u>	<u>For the year ended December 31, 2014</u>
REVENUES	<u>\$ 153</u>	<u>\$ 451</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
General & administrative expenses	28,618	86,697
Inventory write-down	-	19,067
Total operating expenses	<u>28,618</u>	<u>105,764</u>
OPERATING LOSS	<u>(28,465)</u>	<u>(105,313)</u>
OTHER EXPENSE:		
Interest expense - stockholders	(3,201)	(2,028)
Total other expense	<u>(3,201)</u>	<u>(2,028)</u>
LOSS BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	(31,666)	(107,341)
INCOME TAXES	-	-
NET LOSS	<u>\$ (31,666)</u>	<u>\$ (107,341)</u>
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>
Weighted average of common shares outstanding	<u>57,301,000</u>	<u>57,301,000</u>

See accompanying notes to Financial Statements.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT**

	Common Stock Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance December 31, 2013	57,301,000	\$ 57,301	\$ 664,099	\$ (696,224)	\$ 25,176
Net Loss	-	-	-	(107,341)	(107,341)
Balance December 31, 2014	57,301,000	57,301	664,099	(803,565)	(82,165)
Net loss	-	-	-	(31,666)	(31,666)
Balance December 31, 2015	<u>57,301,000</u>	<u>\$ 57,301</u>	<u>\$ 664,099</u>	<u>\$ (835,231)</u>	<u>\$ (113,831)</u>

See accompanying notes to Financial Statements.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	For the year ended December 31, 2015	For the year ended December 31, 2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net Loss	\$ (31,666)	\$ (107,341)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	800	800
Amortization of prepaid expenses paid by the issuance of common stock	-	50,000
Inventory write-down	-	19,067
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accrued interest - stockholders	3,201	2,028
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	124	8,158
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(27,541)</u>	<u>(27,288)</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from Notes Payable - Stockholders	25,900	25,500
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>25,900</u>	<u>25,500</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(1,641)	(1,788)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	2,520	4,308
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 879</u>	<u>\$ 2,520</u>

See accompanying notes to Financial Statements.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Business Description

Empire Global Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Nevada on May 11, 2010 in order to acquire certain U.S Patent license agreements pertaining to roulette and actively engage in the gaming business worldwide and commenced operations in June, 2010. Empire Global Gaming, Inc. was founded to develop, manufacture and sell Class II & Class III Casino electronic and table games for the general public and casinos worldwide. The Company owns exclusive rights through license agreements to four U.S. Patents consisting of 14 roulette games patents. EGGI also sells a complete line of public and casino grade gaming products for roulette, blackjack, craps, baccarat, mini baccarat, pinwheels, Sic Bo, slot machines, poker tables and bingo games. These patents are certified by Gaming Laboratories International to minimize any unfairness in the multi-number bets in roulette (American double 0 & European single 0) to both players and casinos. One of the patents controlled by the Company is for a "new number pattern and board layout" that will insure, the various gaming control boards and commissions in the United States and eventually worldwide, that the highest standards of security and integrity are met.

The Company developed a website (www.lottopick3.com) which provides analytical data to consumers on several different lottery type games. This program is not a gambling/consulting program. It is strictly an analysis program. The website does not offer any advice one way or the other. It offers an in depth breakdown of all the previous numbers that have been drawn in all states that have the pick 3 games. The software breaks things down into all the possible categories and shows any types of trends that may occur.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of year end or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include cash on hand and cash in the bank.

Advertising

The Company expenses advertising when incurred. The Company has incurred no advertising expenses for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Basis of Presentation

The Company's financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States. Effective December 31, 2014, the Company elected to early adopt Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-10, Development Stage Entities (Topic 915): Elimination of Certain financial Reporting Requirements. The adoption of this ASU allows the Company to remove the inception to date information and all references to development stage.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair value of financial instruments

As required by the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic 820 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification (“FASB ASC”), fair value is measured based on a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows: (Level 1) observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; (Level 2) inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and (Level 3) unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The carrying amounts for the Company’s accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability;
- Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

The Company does not have any assets or liabilities required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Revenue Recognition

The Company derives its revenue from sale of gaming products and from fees earned for the use of its online lottery number selecting application. The Company recognizes revenue from product sales only when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred, the sale price is determinable and collectability is reasonably assured and from fees as paid for in an online transaction.

Inventory

Inventory consists of finished gaming products that were contributed by a shareholder of the Company and are valued at lower of market or acquisition cost. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company wrote down its inventory by \$19,067.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided for on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets. Expenditures for additions and improvements are capitalized; repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.



**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Impairment of long lived assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment when circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. For assets that are to be held and used, impairment is recognized when the estimated undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset or group of assets is less than their carrying value. If impairment exists, an adjustment is made to write the asset down to its fair value, and a loss is recorded as the difference between the carrying value and fair value. Fair values are determined based on quoted market values, discounted cash flows or internal and external appraisals, as applicable. Assets to be disposed of are carried at the lower of carrying value or estimated net realizable value.

Income Taxes

The Company utilizes the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740. "Income Tax" ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequence of events that have been include in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacting tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company has adopted the provision of FASB ASC 740-10-05, "Accounting for Uncertainties in Income Taxes." The ASC clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements. The ASC prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The ASC provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition.

Financial and Concentrations Risk

The Company does not have any concentration or related financial credit risk as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

We maintain cash balances at highly-rated financial institutions in various states. Accounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, we had no account balances over federally insured limits.

Stock Based Compensation

Stock based compensation is accounted for using the Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employee Topic of the FASB ASC, which establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. We determine the value of stock issued at the date of grant. We also determine at the date of grant the value of stock at fair market value or the value of services rendered (based on contract or otherwise) whichever is more readily determinable.

Stock based compensation for employees is accounted for using the Stock Based Compensation Topic of the FASB ASC. We use the fair value method for equity instruments granted to employees and will use the Black Scholes model for measuring the fair value of options, if issued. The stock based fair value compensation is determined as of the date of the grant or the date at which the performance of the services is completed (measurement date) and is recognized over the vesting periods.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Net Loss Per Common Share

Earnings per share are calculated in accordance with the Earnings per Share Topic of the FASB ASC. The weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each period is used to compute basic earnings (loss) per share. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares plus dilutive potential common shares outstanding. Potentially dilutive common shares consist of employee stock options, warrants, and other convertible securities, and are excluded from the diluted earnings per share computation in periods where the Company has incurred net loss. There were no potentially dilutive common shares for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other standard setting bodies that may have an impact on the Company's accounting and reporting. The Company believes that such recently issued accounting pronouncements and other authoritative guidance for which the effective date is in the future will not have an impact on its accounting or reporting or that such impact will not be material to its financial position, results of operations and cash flows when implemented.

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern* (Subtopic 205-40), (ASU No. 2014-15), which requires management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles that are currently in U.S. auditing standards. Specifically, ASU 2014-15 provides a definition of the term substantial doubt and requires an assessment for a period of one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). It also requires certain disclosures when substantial doubt is alleviated as a result of consideration of management's plans and requires an express statement and other disclosures when substantial doubt is not alleviated. ASU No. 2014-15 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, and early adoption is permitted.

**NOTE 2. GOING CONCERN**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. To date, the Company generated minimal revenues, has experienced recurring net operating losses and had an accumulated deficit of \$835,231 as of December 31, 2015 and had negative working capital of \$24,011 at December 31, 2015. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty. The Company will need to raise funds or implement its business plan to continue operations.

In order to continue as a going concern, the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plan is to obtain such resources for the Company by obtaining capital from management and significant shareholders sufficient to meet its minimal operating expenses and seeking equity and/or debt financing. However management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to successfully accomplish the plans described in the preceding paragraph and eventually secure other sources of financing and attain profitable operations. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 3. INCOME TAXES**

The components of the Company's deferred tax asset are as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Net operating loss carry forward at 35%	\$ 292,331	\$ 281,248
Valuation allowance	-292,331	-281,248
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The Company had a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$835,000 and \$804,000 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, which expires between 2031 and 2035.

The reconciliation of income tax expense at the U.S. statutory rate of 35% for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	2015	2014
US Statutory rate	35%	35%
Valuation allowance	-35%	-35%
Income tax provision	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The Company had no gross unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective income tax rate in future periods. At December 31, 2015, the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits before valuation allowances and the amount that would favorably affect the effective income tax rate in future periods after valuation allowances were \$0. The Company has not accrued any additional interest or penalties.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States. The Company will file its U.S. federal return for the year ended December 31, 2015 in 2016. Once filed, the 2015 U.S. federal return and those for 2014 and 2013 will be considered as open tax years. No tax returns are currently under examination by any tax authorities. The Company has not accrued any additional interest or penalties for the delinquency of outstanding tax returns as the Company has incurred net losses in those periods still outstanding.

In assessing the realization of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the assessment, management has established a full valuation allowance against the entire deferred tax asset relating to NOLs for every period because it is more likely than not that all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

**NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Company had notes payable to stockholders who are our chief executive officer and chief financial officer. The notes bear interest at 4% per annum and are due on December 31, 2018. The notes payable had unpaid balance of \$90,620 and \$64,720 as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Company borrowed \$25,900 and \$25,500 from stockholders during the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

The Company recorded interest expense of \$3,201 and \$2,028 for these notes payable for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively and the balances of accrued interest were \$5,602 and \$2,401 as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The Company has evaluated all activity of the Company after December 31, 2015 through the issue date of the financial statement and determined that there was no subsequent events that would require disclosure in the financial statements.

**Item 9: Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

There have been no changes in or disagreements with our certified public accountants on accounting matters or financial disclosure.

**Item 9A: Controls and Procedures****Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

(a) We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our filings and submissions under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We completed an evaluation under the supervision and with participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that as of December 31, 2015, such disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to provide the reasonable assurance described above.

(b) There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) during the period covered by this report that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

**Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f), is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by our Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;

- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. The scope of management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting includes all of our Company's consolidated subsidiaries.

Our management has conducted, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, an assessment, including testing of the effectiveness, of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015. Management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting was conducted using the criteria set forth in Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Guidance for Smaller Public Companies issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on such evaluation, management identified deficiencies that were determined to be a material weakness.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Because of the material weakness described below, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 31, 2015.

The specific material weakness identified by the Company's management as of December 31, 2015 is described as follows:

- The Company did not have sufficient and skilled accounting personnel with an appropriate level of technical accounting knowledge and experience in the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America commensurate with the Company's financial reporting requirements, which resulted in a number of internal control deficiencies that were identified as being significant. The Company's management determined that the number and nature of these significant deficiencies, when aggregated, constituted a material weakness.
- The Company lacks qualified resources to perform the internal audit functions properly. In addition, the scope and effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function are yet to be developed.
- We currently do not have an audit committee.

#### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the most recent fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **Item 9B. Other Information.**

None.

**PART III**

**Item 10: Directors, Executive Officers And Corporate Governance**

**Identification of Officers and Directors**

The current executive officers, key employees and directors of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. are as follows:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Position</b>	<b>Director Since</b>
Nicholas Sorge, Sr.	52	President & Director	May 2010
Dolores Marsh	74	Secretary, Chief Financial Officer & Director	May 2010

Nicholas Sorge, Sr. is the founder and current President and Director of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. and has been since his appointment to the Board of Directors on May 11, 2010. He personally created a revolutionary new system for roulette which led him to obtain U.S. Patents pertaining to roulette and other games. He has licensed Empire Global Gaming, Inc. as the exclusive licensee for four of his patents covering fourteen roulette games. For the past 28 years Mr. Sorge has served Pallets R Us, Inc. of Bellport, New York, as its President. Pallets R Us, Inc. is an industrial pallet manufacturer servicing the tri-state area of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Pennsylvania since 1984.

Dolores Marsh is the current Secretary, Chief Financial Officer and Director of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. since May 11, 2010. Ms. Marsh is a native of New York and lives in Manhattan. She graduated from NYU with a BA in Business. She founded The Media Department of New York in 1980 and has served as its President and CEO for the past thirty years. The Media Department of New York is a successful independent media planning and buying company with offices in midtown and downtown New York City. The company works with national advertising agencies and clients offering them complete media capabilities. Ms. Marsh is the aunt of Mr. Sorge.

**No Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

During the past ten years, none of our executive officers/directors have been involved in any of the following:

1. A petition under the Federal bankruptcy laws or any state insolvency law was filed by or against, or a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer was appointed by a court for the business or property of any officer or director, or any partnership in which any officer or director was a general partner at or within two years before the time of such filing, or any corporation or business association of which any officer or director was an executive officer at or within two years before the time of such filing;
2. No officer or director was convicted in a criminal proceeding or is a named subject of a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);

3. No officer or director was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from, or otherwise limiting, the following activities:
  - i. Acting as a futures commission merchant, introducing broker, commodity trading advisor, commodity pool operator, floor broker, leverage transaction merchant, any other person regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or an associated person of any of the foregoing, or as an investment adviser, underwriter, broker or dealer in securities, or as an affiliated person, director or employee of any investment Company, bank, savings and loan association or insurance Company, or engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with such activity;
  - ii. Engaging in any type of business practice; or
  - iii. Engaging in any activity in connection with the purchase or sale of any security or commodity or in connection with any violation of Federal or State securities laws or Federal commodities laws;
4. No officer or director was the subject of any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any Federal or State authority barring, suspending or otherwise limiting for more than 60 days the right of such person to engage in any activity described in (3)(i) of this section, or to be associated with persons engaged in any such activity;
5. No officer or director was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Securities and Exchange Commission to have violated any Federal or State securities law, and the judgment in such civil action or finding by the Commission has not been subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated;
6. No officer or director was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated any Federal commodities law, and the judgment in such civil action or finding by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission has not been subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated;
7. No officer or director was the subject of, or a party to, any Federal or State judicial or administrative order, judgment, decree, or finding, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, relating to an alleged violation of:
  - i. Any Federal or State securities or commodities law or regulation; or
  - ii. Any law or regulation respecting financial institutions or insurance companies including, but not limited to, a temporary or permanent injunction, order of disgorgement or restitution, civil money penalty or temporary or permanent cease-and-desist order, or removal or prohibition order; or
  - iii. Any law or regulation prohibiting mail or wire fraud or fraud in connection with any business entity; or
8. No officer or director was the subject of, or a party to, any sanction or order, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any self-regulatory organization (as defined in Section 3(a)(26) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(26))), any registered entity (as defined in Section 1(a)(29) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1(a)(29))), or any equivalent exchange, association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or persons associated with a member.



## **Section 16(A) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our executive officers, directors and beneficial owner of more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities to file with the SEC statements of ownership and changes in ownership. The same persons are required to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. We believe that all of our executive officers, directors and beneficial owner of more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities complied with the applicable filing requirements during fiscal year 2013.

### **Code of Ethics**

We have not adopted a formal code of ethics statement. The Board of Directors evaluated the business of the Company and the number of employees and determined that since the business is operated by a small number of persons who are also the officers and directors and many of the persons employed by the Company are independent contractors, general rules of fiduciary duty and federal and state criminal, business conduct and securities laws are adequate ethical guidelines.

### **Committees**

Since we do not have an audit or nominating committee comprised of independent directors, the functions that would have been performed by such committees are performed by our directors. The Board of Directors has not established an audit committee and does not have an audit committee financial expert, nor has the Board established a nominating committee. The Board is of the opinion that such committees are not necessary since the Company has only two directors, and to date, such directors have been performing the functions of such committees. Thus, there is a potential conflict of interest in that our directors and officers have the authority to determine issues concerning management compensation, nominations, and audit issues that may affect management decisions. We are not aware of any other conflicts of interest with any of our executive officers or directors.

## Item 11: Executive Compensation

The following table sets forth the cash and non-cash compensation paid by the Company to its President and all other executive officers for services rendered to date. No salaries are being paid at the present time. There were no grants of options or SAR grants given to any executive officers during the current fiscal year.

**Summary Compensation Table**

Name and principal position (a)	Year (b)	Salary (c)	Bonus (d)	Stock awards (e)	Option awards (f)	Non-equity incentive plan compensation (g)	Change in pension value and nonqualified deferred compensation earnings (h)	All other compensation (i)	Total (j)
Nicholas Sorge, Sr. President	2010	0	0	\$ 40,000(1)	0	0	0	0	\$ 40,000
	2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dolores Marsh Chief Financial Officer	2010	0	0	\$ 1,000(1)	0	0	0	0	\$ 1,000
	2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(1) Valuation of the shares granted to executives was based upon the fair value of the shares when granted pursuant to FASB ASC Topic 718. Shares were granted and delivered at the time of the incorporation of the Company and were for services rendered to the Company in the development of the business plan and for services to the Company in the performance of duties as officers and directors of the Company. The shares were valued at \$.001 per share. We have made no provisions for cash compensation to its officers and directors. Management received 41,000,000 shares of common stock as compensation for contributing the business plan to the Company and for services. These 41,000,000 shares have been accepted as full compensation for management's services for the first year of operation. The amounts listed in the Stock Awards column above have been calculated based upon the aggregate grant date value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718.

### Employment Contracts

We currently have no employment agreements or compensatory plan or arrangement in effect with our officer/director.

### Compensation Arrangements of Services Provided as a Director

We have no arrangements with our directors for compensation regarding service on the board nor has either of our directors received any compensation for service on our board during the last fiscal year.

**Item 12: Security Ownership Of Certain Beneficial Owners And Management And Related Stockholder Matters**

The following table presents certain information regarding beneficial Ownership of Empire Global Gaming, Inc.'s Common Stock as of March 26, 2014, by (i) each person known by the Company to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, (ii) each director of the Company, (iii) each named Executive Officer, and (iv) all directors and executive officers as a group. Unless otherwise indicated, each person in the table has sole voting and investment power as to the shares shown.

<b>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</b>	<b>Number of Shares Beneficially Owned</b>	<b>Percentage of Shares Beneficially Owned (1)</b>
Nicholas Sorge, Sr. (2) 555 Woodside Ave. Bellport New York 11713	40,000,000	69.8%
Dolores Marsh (3) 555 Woodside Ave. Bellport New York 11713	1,040,000	1.8%
Officers and Directors as a Group	41,040,000	71.6%

- (1) The above table is based on 57,301,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding.
- (2) Nicholas Sorge, Sr. is the President and Director of the Company. Mr. Sorge is the nephew of Dolores Marsh.
- (3) Dolores Marsh is the Secretary, Chief Financial Officer and Director of the Company. Ms. Marsh is the aunt of Mr. Sorge.

**Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans**

We presently do not have any equity based or other long-term incentive programs.

### **Item 13. Certain Relationships And Related Transactions, and Director Independence.**

#### **Transactions with Management and Others**

Since the beginning of the 2012 fiscal year, the following transactions, series of similar transactions, currently proposed transactions, or series of currently proposed similar transactions, to which we were or are to be a party, in which the amount involved exceeded either \$120,000 or one percent of the average of our total assets at the year end of our last two fiscal years, whichever is less, and in which any director or executive officer, or any security holder who is known to us to own of record or beneficially more than five percent of our Common Stock, or any member of the immediate family of any of the foregoing persons is a party is as follows:

Nicholas Sorge, Sr. loaned the Company the sum of \$69,720 for monies to pay for various out of pocket expenses. The loan was in the form of a note and due on December 31, 2018.

Dolores Marsh loaned the Company the sum of \$20,900 for monies to pay for various out of pocket expenses. The loan was in the form of a note and due on December 31, 2018.

#### **Director Independence**

Our common stock is not listed for trading on any national securities exchange, and as such we are not otherwise subject to the requirements of any national securities exchange or an inter-dealer quotation system with respect to the need to have a majority of our directors be independent.

In the absence of such requirements, we have elected to use the definition for “director independence” under the Nasdaq Stock Market’s listing standards, which defines an “independent director” as “a person other than an officer or employee of us or its subsidiaries or any other individual having a relationship, which in the opinion of our Board of Directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director.” The definition further provides that, among others, employment of a director by us (or any parent or subsidiary of ours) at any time during the past three years is considered a bar to independence regardless of the determination of our Board of Directors.

Our Board of Directors has determined that neither Mr. Sorge nor Ms. Marsh are independent directors.

### **Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.**

#### **Audit Fees**

The aggregate fees billed by Paritz & Company, P.A. during the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 for professional services for the audit of our financial statements and the review of financial statements included in our Forms 10-Q and SEC filings were \$8,785 and \$12,600, respectively.

#### **Audit-Related Fees**

Paritz & Company, P.A. did not provide and did not bill and it was not paid any fees for, audit-related services in the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

#### **Tax Fees**

Paritz & Company, P.A. did not provide, and did not bill and was not paid any fees for, tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning services for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

## All Other Fees

Paritz & Company, P.A. did not provide, and did not bill and were not paid any fees for, any other services in the fiscal years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

## Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

The entire Board of Directors, acting as the Audit Committee shall pre-approve all audit engagement fees and terms and pre-approve any other significant compensation to be paid to the independent registered public accounting firm. No other significant compensation services were performed for us by Paritz & Company, P.A. during 2015 and 2014.

## PART IV

### Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.1 (1)	Articles of Incorporation.
3.2 (1)	ByLaws.
4.1 (1)	Specimen Stock Certificate.
10.1 (1)	License Agreement dated May 12, 2010 between the Company and Nicholas M. Sorge Sr.
31.1 (2)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer filed pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.
31.2 (2)	Certification of Chief Financial Officer filed pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.
32 (2)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101*	The following financial information from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Balance Sheets; (ii) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations; (iii) Unaudited Statement of Stockholders' Equity; (iv) Unaudited Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for; and (v) Notes to Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.

- (1) Filed with the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed September 22, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Filed herewith.

\* Users of this data are advised that pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, this XBRL information is being furnished and not filed herewith for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing, or part of any registration statement or prospectus, of Empire Global Gaming, Inc., whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 14th day of April, 2016.

**EMPIRE GLOBAL GAMING, INC.**

By: /s/ Nicholas Sorge, Sr.,  
Nicholas Sorge, Sr.,  
President and Director

By: /s/ Dolores Marsh  
Dolores Marsh,  
Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Director

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>DATE</u>
<u>/s/ Nicholas Sorge, Sr.</u> Nicholas Sorge, Sr.	Principal Executive Officer, President and Director	April 14, 2016
<u>/s/ Dolores Marsh</u> Dolores Marsh	Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Director	April 14, 2016

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302  
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Nicholas Sorge, Sr., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. (the “registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 14, 2016

/s/ Nicholas Sorge, Sr.  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302  
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Dolores Marsh, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. (the “registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 14, 2016

/s/ Dolores Marsh  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)



**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Nicholas Sorge, Sr., as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 14, 2016

/s/ Nicholas Sorge, Sr.  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Empire Global Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Dolores Marsh, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 14, 2016

/s/ Dolores Marsh  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.